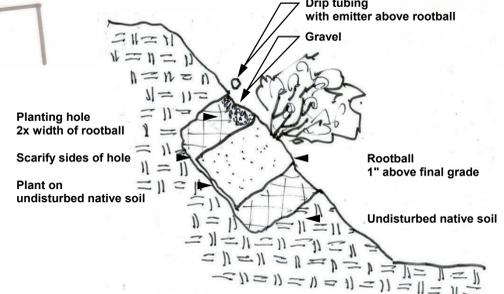
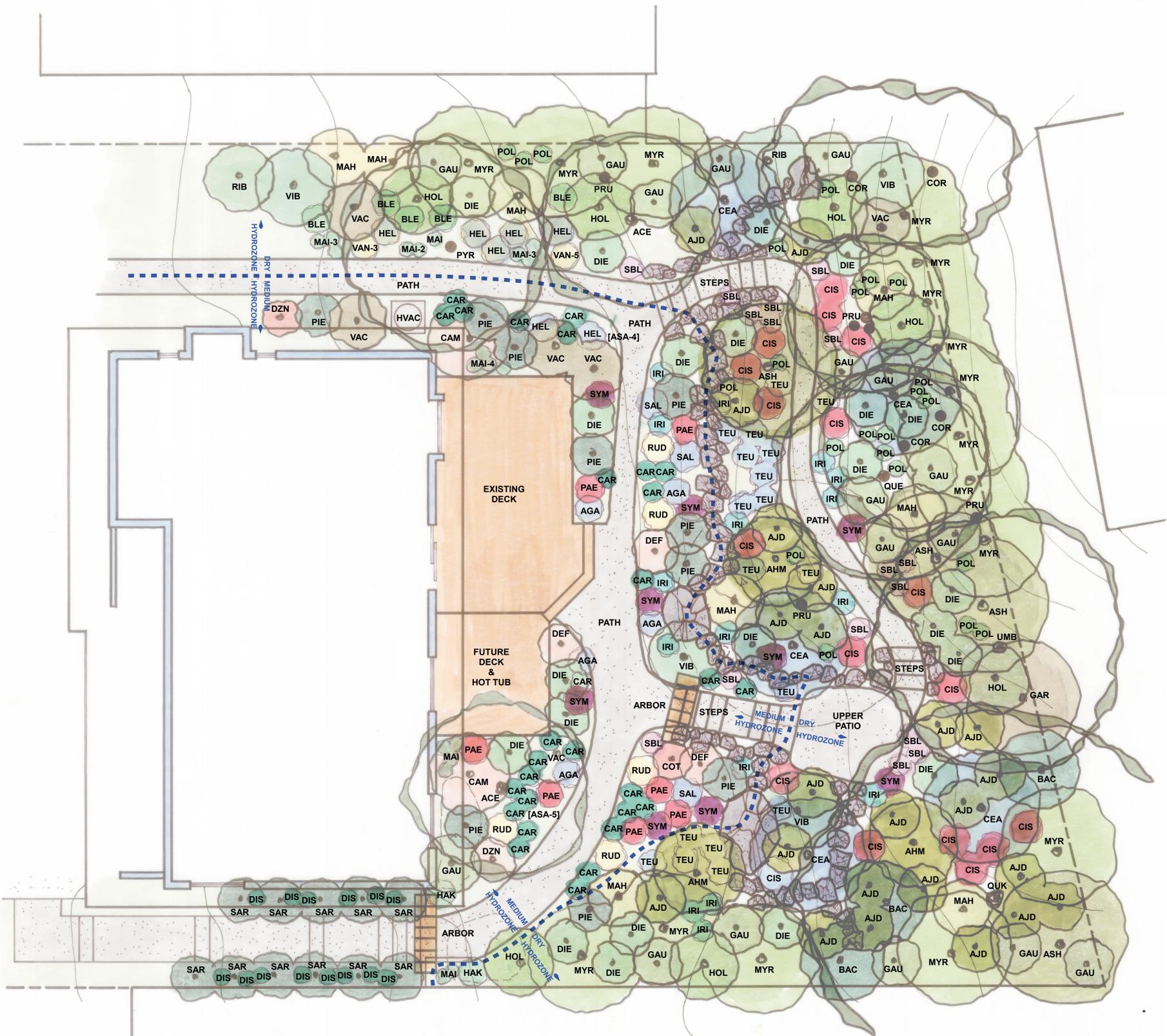


PLANT LIST AND LEGEND:

SYMBOL	SPECIES	QTY./SIZE
ACE	<i>Acer circinatum</i> (Vine Maple) NATIVE [SELECT INLAND LOW ELEVATION GENOTYPE]	2-2g.
AGA	Agapanthus 'Blue Velvet' (Lily of the Nile)	5-1g.
AHM	Arctostaphylos 'Howard McMinn' (Manzanita) NATIVAR	3-1g.
AJD	Arctostaphylos 'John Dourley' (Manzanita) NATIVAR	23-1g.
ASA	<i>Asarum caudatum</i> (Wild Ginger) NATIVE	9-4"
ASH	Arctostaphylos 'St. Helena' (Manzanita) NATIVAR	4-1g.
SYM	<i>Symphoricarpon subspicatum</i> (Oregon Aster) NATIVE	9-4"
BAC	<i>Baccharis pilularis</i> ssp. <i>consanguinea</i> (Coyote Brush) NATIVE [MALE PLANTS ONLY]	3-1g.
BLE	<i>Blechnum spicant</i> (Deer Fern) NATIVE	5-1g.
CAM	<i>Camellia sasanqua</i> 'Hana Jiman' (Camellia)	2-3g.
CAR	<i>Carex praegracilis</i> 'Chisai' (Sedge) NATIVE	29-4"
CEA	<i>Ceanothus</i> 'Blue Jeans' (Mountain Lilac) NATIVE	5-1g.
CIS	<i>Cistus</i> 'Warley Rose' (Rockrose)	18-1g.
COR	<i>Corylus cornuta</i> (Hazelnut) EXISTING NATIVE	
COT	<i>Cotinus</i> 'Winecraft Black' (Smokebush)	1-1g.
DZN	<i>Daphne odora</i> 'Zuiko Nishiki' (Daphne) POISONOUS	2-1g.
DEF	<i>Daphne transatlantica</i> 'Eternal Fragrance' (Daphne) POISONOUS	3-1g.
DIE	<i>Diervilla</i> 'Kodiak Red' (Diervilla)	22-1g.
DIS	<i>Disporopsis pernyi</i> (Evergreen Solomon's Seal)	14-1g.
GAR	<i>Garrya elliptica</i> 'James Roof' (Silktassel) NATIVE	1-1g.
GAU	<i>Gaultheria shallon</i> (Salal) NATIVE [SELECT INLAND LOW ELEVATION GENOTYPE]	17-1g.
HAK	<i>Hakonechloa macra</i> 'Aureola' (Golden Hakonechloa)	2-1g.
HEL	<i>Helleborus</i> 'Pink Frost' (Lenten Rose)	7-1g.
HOL	<i>Holdiscus discolor</i> (Ocean Spray) NATIVE	7-1g.
IRI	<i>Iris tenax</i> (Oregon Iris) NATIVE	16-4"
MAH	<i>Mahonia aquifolium</i> (Oregon Grape) NATIVE	8-1g.
MAI	<i>Maianthemum dilatatum</i> (False Solomon's Seal) NATIVE	18-4"
MYR	<i>Myrica californica</i> (Waxmyrtle) NATIVE	16-2g.
PAE	<i>Paeonia</i> 'Lotus Queen' (Peony)	7-1g.
PIE	<i>Pieris interstella</i> (Pieris)	10-1g.
POL	<i>Polystichum munitum</i> (Western Sword Fern) NATIVE	22-4"
PRU	<i>Prunus</i> sp. (Cherry) EXISTING	
PYR	<i>Pyrus calleryana</i> cv. (Callery Pear) EXISTING	
QUK	<i>Quercus kelloggii</i> (California Black Oak) NATIVE	1-3g.
QUG	<i>Quercus garryana</i> (Oregon White Oak) EXISTING NATIVE	
RIB	<i>Ribes sanguineum</i> (Red Flowering Currant) NATIVE	2-1g.
RUD	<i>Rudbeckia Mega Millions</i> (Black-Eyed Susan)	5-4"
SAL	<i>Salvia guarantica</i> 'Black and Blue' (Sage)	3-4"
SAR	<i>Sarcococca ruscifolia</i> (Fragrant Sweet Box)	11-1g.
SBL	<i>Spirea betulifolia</i> v. <i>lucida</i> (Birchleaf Spirea) NATIVE	16-1g.
TEU	<i>Teucrium chaemadrys</i> (Germander)	18-1g.
UMB	<i>Umbellularia californica</i> (Oregon Myrtle) NATIVE	1-3g.
VAC	<i>Vaccinium ovatum</i> (Evergreen Huckleberry) NATIVE	6-1g.
VAN	<i>Vancouveria hexandra</i> (White Inside-Out Flower) NATIVE	8-4"
VIB	<i>Viburnum ellipticum</i> (Oval-Leaved Viburnum) NATIVE	4-1g.

INSTALLATION NOTES:

- Do not substitute plants without prior approval. Plant varieties matter. If substitutions are necessary due to availability problems, they must be approved by Landscape Architect in advance.
- Native Plants: For the purposes of this project, "native" refers to species and naturally occurring selected varieties from Oregon, Washington, and Northern California; whereas "nativar" refers to hybridized cultivars of those. Native plants of the same species can vary significantly in size, form and performance based on provenance, genetics, and microclimate. It is very important with some species (e.g. vine maple, salal), to select nursery stock that has come from the most similar location and environment possible (i.e., Willamette Valley open or wooded).
- Plant container sizes represent our preferences. Smaller plants will be easier, less disruptive, and less costly to plant on the steep slope. We understand that not all sizes specified will be available at the time of planting. Use the smallest sizes available and plant per the included detail drawing (see below).
- All plants are to be placed by Landscape Contractor with final adjustment by Landscape Architect prior to planting.
- Any discrepancies in plant count between list and drawing shall defer to drawing layout.
- Deer presence is ongoing and welcomed by clients. All plants have been evaluated for deer tolerance but some species are known to be browsed somewhat and have been included intentionally. However, monitor all young plants for deer browse and protect as necessary for the first three years of establishment. Plants have been selected for resistance to deer browsing based on prevailing information and experience; Landscape Architect is not responsible for actual results.
- Sun and shade patterns have been carefully considered and will change over time as new plants grow and existing trees may be removed.
- Existing wild cucumber/Oregon manroot (*Marah oregonus*) is an herbaceous perennial that is to be trained annually on nearby arbor. NOTE: although in the cucumber family, this native plant is *poisonous and ingestion of seeds can be fatal*.
- Existing Trees: Obtain arborist evaluation and have any recommended follow-up pruning recommendations completed prior to planting.
- Existing boulder outcroppings are evident above surface on slope, with indications of likely presence of subsurface boulders. Significant discoveries during excavation and planting may necessitate a change to the layout of plants and landscape features. Consult Landscape Architect in the event of any necessary changes.
- Paving materials are to be determined by clients in consultation with Landscape Contractor. NOTE: Steepness of slope will require retaining on uphill side of path.
- Irrigation: *MUST* be drip on 12" grid spacing, 1/2" or equivalent tubing with matching external compression fittings. Emitters shall be 1/2 gallon per hour in dry hydrozone, and 1 gallon per hour in medium hydrozone.
- Soil Preparation:
 - Topdress 1 to 2 inches of fungal compost (OV Organic Compost from Earthfort) over bare soil in planted area after planting. Do not incorporate into soil, as the topdressing acts as a soil binder for erosion control.
 - Apply Soil ProVide at 3 cups per 1000 square feet and Soil Fortify at 3 tablespoons per 1000 square feet over planted area every 2 months for 1 year.
 Check in with Earthfort as needed for further questions and recommendations.
- Mulch: 3" depth of arborist chips preferred; otherwise, manufactured wood chips are acceptable. "Hog fuel" or "Walk-on Bark" may be considered on slope to prevent slough-off.
- See Project Specifications for all planting and construction materials and procedures.
- Landscape Contractor shall confer with Landscape Architect as needed prior to start of construction to review project details.
- Phasing: There are several factors involved that will impact the timing of installation and potential removal of existing trees. These primarily include budget, visual screening objectives, and sun/shade patterns over time. All hardscape elements (with the exception of future hot tub and deck) including paths, retaining walls and upper patio, along with upper screening and other trees and larger shrubs should be performed during initial phase of work.
- Establishment maintenance shall be performed by Client or Landscape Contractor in accordance with informational handout provided by Landscape Architect.



SLOPE PLANTING DETAIL